

compared with 11,065,415 oz. in 1920, of the value of \$10,873,496, showing a considerable decline in value per oz. Table 100 shows the total production and value of silver at the Cobalt and Gowganda camp each year from 1904 to 1921. The total for the 18 years is 322,858,563 oz., of the value of \$198,099,336. The value of the output of non-metallic products for 1921 was 17 p.c. less than in 1920. This decrease in the value of non-metallic minerals was largely due to the decreased production of brick and building stone, while the large decline in the value of metals produced is explained by the decline of the value of nickel production from \$5,003,631 in 1920 to \$2,010,750 in 1921, and of silver from \$10,873,496 to \$5,497,160.

**100.—Production of Silver at the Cobalt and Gowganda Camp, Ontario, 1904-21.**

| Year.             | Oz.        | Value.     | Average price per oz. | Year.     | Oz.                | Value.             | Average price per oz. |
|-------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
|                   |            | \$         | Cents.                |           |                    | \$                 | Cents.                |
| 1904.....         | 206,875    | 111,887    | 57.2                  | 1914..... | 29,681,975         | 16,553,981         | 57.8                  |
| 1905.....         | 2,451,356  | 1,360,503  | 60.4                  | 1915..... | 25,162,841         | 12,765,461         | 54.8                  |
| 1906.....         | 5,401,766  | 3,667,551  | 66.4                  | 1916..... | 24,746,534         | 12,135,816         | 49.69                 |
| 1907.....         | 10,023,311 | 6,155,391  | 67.5                  | 1917..... | 19,915,090         | 12,643,175         | 65.66                 |
| 1908.....         | 19,437,875 | 9,133,378  | 52.9                  | 1918..... | 19,401,893         | 16,121,013         | 81.42                 |
| 1909.....         | 25,897,825 | 12,461,576 | 51.5                  | 1919..... | 17,661,694         | 17,341,790         | 98.20                 |
| 1910.....         | 30,645,181 | 15,478,047 | 53.5                  | 1920..... | 11,214,317         | 12,738,994         | 111.12                |
| 1911.....         | 31,507,791 | 15,958,847 | 53.3                  | 1921..... | 10,846,321         | 10,654,471         | 100.90                |
| 1912.....         | 30,243,859 | 17,408,935 | 60.8                  |           | 8,279,320          | 5,413,520          | 62.65                 |
| <b>Total.....</b> |            |            |                       |           | <b>322,858,563</b> | <b>198,099,336</b> | <b>61.36</b>          |

**Alberta.**—The Mines Branch of the Department of Public Works states that the total production of coal in Alberta during the calendar year 1921 was 5,937,195 short tons, as compared with 6,908,923 tons in 1920, a decrease of 971,728 tons. Of natural gas the production in the province was, according to the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, 5,079,044 thousand cubic feet as compared with 5,633,442 thousand cubic feet in 1920.

**British Columbia.**—According to the Annual Report for 1921 of the Provincial Mineralogist, the total value of the mineral production of British Columbia from 1852 to 1921 was \$734,259,619, distributed among the different mineral products as follows: Placer gold, \$76,177,403; lode gold, \$105,557,977; silver, \$55,259,485; lead, \$48,330,575; copper, \$166,393,488; zinc, \$21,848,531; coal and coke, \$225,409,505; building stone, bricks, etc., \$34,072,016; miscellaneous minerals, etc., \$1,210,639. Table 101 shows the value of the total mineral production of the province from 1852 to 1921, inclusive. The value of the total mineral production for the calendar year 1921 was \$28,066,641, a decrease from that of the previous year of \$7,476,443, or 21 p.c. The principal mineral products of British Columbia are gold, silver, lead, copper, zinc and coal. Table 102 shows the quantity and value of the mineral production of British Columbia for the three calendar years 1919-1921. The decrease in 1921 was in the main due to a decline both in the quantity and value of silver, copper and zinc production.